

Trichothecene Type A & B Analysis in Wheat and Corn Using the QuEChERS Approach*

Part Number:

ECMSSC50CT-MP (50 mL centrifuge tube, 4 g anhydrous magnesium sulfate, 1 g NaCl) **CUMPS2CT** (150 mg anhydrous magnesium sulfate and 50 mg PSA

Introduction

An extraction and purification method for the simultaneous LC-MS determination of five mycotoxins is described including three type A, diacetoxyscirpenol (DAS), T-2 toxin and HT-2 toxin, and two type B trichothecenes, deoxynivalenol (DON) and nivalenol (NIV). The analysis has been optimized using a modified QuEChERS approach. These mycotoxins are responsible for a wide range of disorders in animals. They have been found to inhibit proteins synthesis and to have immunosuppressive and cytotoxic effects. Health risks associated with human exposure to *Fusarium* toxins are recognized worldwide and depend on concentration in a particular diet. The major dietary sources of trichothecenes are cereal products wheat and corn.

Procedure

1) Sample Preparation

- a) Thoroughly homogenize a sample of grain products using a laboratory mill
- b) Weigh 5 g of sample into the 50 ml centrifuge tube
- c) Add 10 mL of methanol:acetonitrile (85:15) into 50 mL centrifuge tube
- d) Shake to disperse solvent
- e) Add the contents of the **ECMSSC50CT-MP** pouch containing 4 g anhydrous magnesium sulfate, 1 g sodium chloride to the centrifuge tube
- f) Vortex for 1 minute then centrifuge @ 4,000 rpm for 10 minutes

2) Sample Cleanup

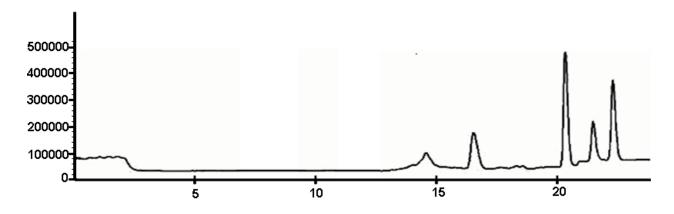
- a) Transfer a 1 mL aliquot to a 2 mL CUMPS2CT tube (150 mg anhydrous magnesium sulfate and 50 mg PSA)
- b) Shake for 1 minute
- c) Centrifuge for 10 minutes @ 4,000 rpm
- d) Filter extract through a 0.45 μm filter into an LC injection vial if supernatant is not clear
- e) Sample is now ready for analysis

3) Analysis

- a) MSD detection with atmospheric pressure ionization (API) configured for electrospray positive ion mode
- b) Analytical column: Luna C18 (250mm x 4.6 mm x 5 μm) or equivalent may be used but may change elution times
- c) Mobile phase A: 1% formic acid in water, B: 1% formic acid in methanol
- d) Gradient, Flow 0.5 mL/minute, Initial 40%B, 10 minutes 90% B until 25 minutes

Mass lons for Mycotoxins [Na+M]	
lon	M/Z
NIV	355
DON	319
DAS	389
HT2	447
T2	489

Chromatogram Showing Elution of Mycotoxins Peaks in order of elution: NIV, DON, DAS, HT-2, T-2



*Modified from Sospedra et al, "Use of the Modified Quick, Easy, Cheap, Effective, Rugged and Safe Sample Preparation Approach for the Simultaneous Analysis of Type A and B Trichothecenes in Wheat Flour," J of Chromatography A